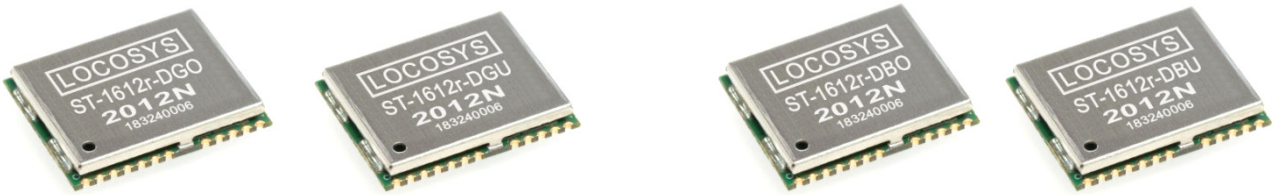


| Product name | Description | Version |
|--------------|--|---------|
| ST-1612r-DGx | Multi-constellation GNSS UDR/ADR module (GPS, GLONASS, GALILEO, QZSS) | 0.4 |
| ST-1612r-DBx | Multi-constellation GNSS UDR/ADR module (GPS, BEIDOU, GALILEO, QZSS) | |



1 Introduction

LOCOSYS ST-1612r-DGx/ST-1612r-DBx dead reckoning (DR) modules are the perfect solution for automotive application. They not only support GPS, GLONASS, BEIDOU, GALILEO and QZSS, but also have inertial sensors (3-axis accelerometers and 3-axis gyros) to provide dead reckoning. They will detect if there is an odometer connection or vehicle speed input, and then automatically operate in ADR or UDR mode. Both raw data of the inertial sensors and vehicle’s altitude including pitch, roll and heading angles are outputted for the driver behavior analysis. For example, the internet connected vehicles can automatically send emergency calls (i.e. E-Call) for help based on the vehicle’s altitude. No requirement of installation orientation and automatic calibration function make them easy to use. With these features, ST-1612r-DGx/ST-1612r-DBx can reduce position errors in multipath environment and continue to work where GNSS signals are poor or not available, such as tunnels and indoor parking lots, as well as deliver seamless car navigation.

2 Features

- AEC-Q100 qualified GNSS chip
- Support GPS, GLONASS, BEIDOU, GALILEO and QZSS
- Capable of SBAS (WAAS, EGNOS, MSAS)
- Fast TTFF at low signal level
- Built-in MEMS sensor (3-axis gyroscope and 3-axis accelerometer)
- Support MEMS raw data output (up to 100Hz)
- No requirement for installation orientation
- Auto detect and operate in ADR or UDR mode
- Support odometer (wheel-tick pulse) and forward/reverse signal input
- Support vehicle speed input from UART port

- Support vehicle speed input from CAN Bus (ISO 15765-4)
- Support AGPS autonomous solution
- LOCOSYS IATF 16949 quality control
- Small form factor 16 x 12.2 x 2.3 mm
- SMD type, RoHS compliant

3 Application

- Automotive Navigation.
- Marine Navigation.
- M2M.
- Track patrol and examine car.

4 System Block Diagram

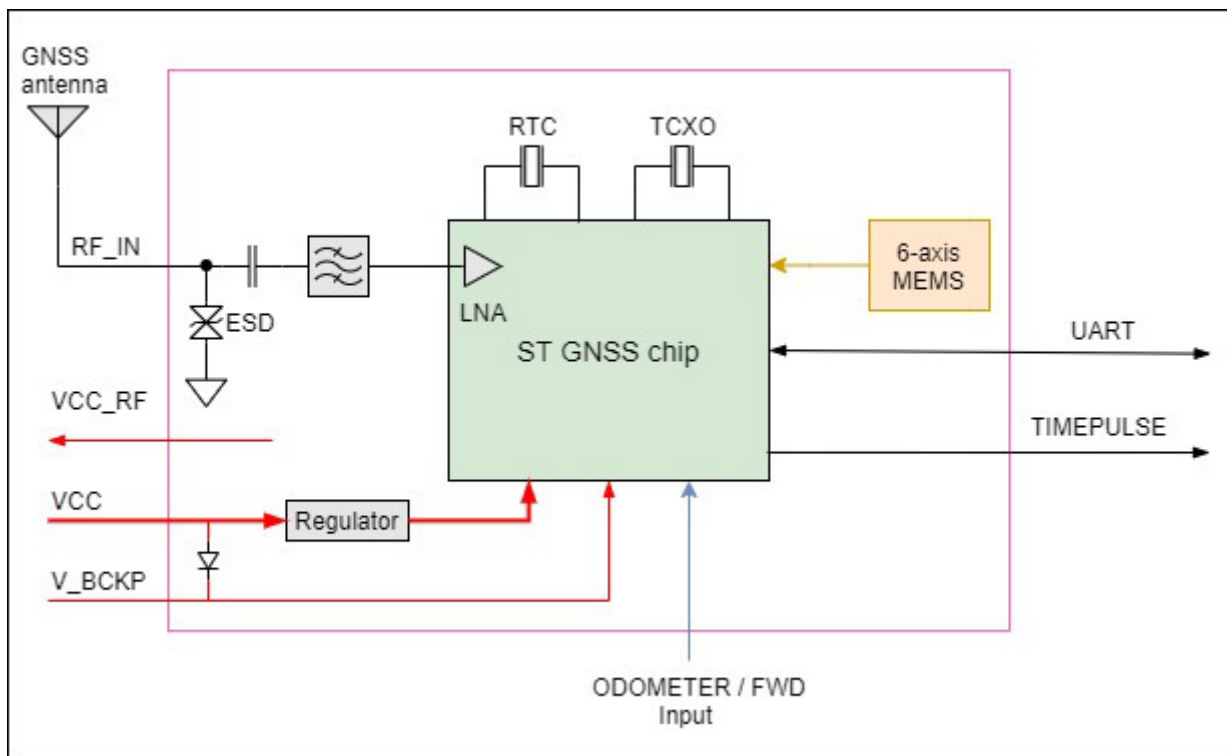


Fig 4-1 System block diagram.

5 GNSS receiver

| | | |
|-------------------|---|--|
| Chip | Teseo III Series | |
| Frequency | GPS: L1C/A (1575.42MHz) GLONASS L1OF (1598.0625MHz ~ 1605.375MHz) BEIDOU: B1 (1561.098MHz) GALILEO: E1B/C (1575.42MHz) QZSS: L1C/A (1575.42MHz) | |
| Channels | Support 48 channels | |
| Update rate | 1Hz default | |
| Sensitivity | Tracking | Up to -163dBm (with external LNA) |
| | Cold start | Up to -147dBm (with external LNA) |
| Acquisition Time | Cold Start (Open Sky) | 30s (typical) |
| | Hot Start (Open Sky) | 1s (typical) |
| Position Accuracy | Autonomous | 1.8m CEP |
| | SBAS | 1.5m CEP (depends on accuracy of correction data) |
| | ADR Mode | 0.5% of distance travelled without GNSS |
| | UDR Mode | CEP ≤ 10% of distance travelled without GNSS ⁽¹⁾ |
| Max. Altitude | < 50,000 m | |
| Max. Velocity | < 515 m/s | |
| Protocol Support | NMEA 0183 ver. 3.01 | 115200 bps ⁽²⁾ , 8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bits (default) 1Hz: GGA, GLL, GSA, GSV, RMC, VTG, ZDA, \$PSTMDR1, \$PSTMDR2, \$PSTMDRCAL, \$PSTMDRGPS, \$STMDRPVA, \$PSTMDRPVSD, \$PSTMDRSENMSG, \$PSTMDRSINT |

Note (1): Test condition: after calibration, drive at 30 m/s for 60 seconds without GNSS signals.

Note (2): Both baud rate and output message rate are configurable to be factory default.

6 Pin assignment and descriptions



Table 6-1 Pin descriptions

| Pin # | Name | Type | Description | Note |
|-------|-----------|------|---|------|
| 1 | BOOTSEL | | Boot mode selection. High: firmware update. Leave unconnected for normal operation. | |
| 2 | NC | | Not connected | |
| 3 | TIMEPULSE | O | Time pulse output (1PPS, default 500ms pulse/sec). Do not input high-level voltage when the module powers on. For example, connecting a pull-up resistor will make the module fail to work. | |
| 4 | ODOMETER | I | Odometer wheel-tick pulse input. The pulse frequency must be less than 5000 Hz. The distance between 2 ticks must not exceed 0.4m. Leave unconnected if not used. | 1 |
| 5 | RSV | | Reserved pin. Leave unconnected. | |
| 6 | RSV | | Reserved pin. Leave unconnected. | |
| 7 | NC | | Not connected | |
| 8 | NC | | Not connected | |
| 9 | VCC_RF | O | Output voltage for active antenna | 2 |
| 10 | GND | P | Ground | |
| 11 | RF_IN | I | GNSS RF signal input | |

| | | | | |
|----|--------|---|--|---|
| 12 | GND | P | Ground | |
| 13 | GND | P | Ground | |
| 14 | RESERV | | Reserved pin. Leave unconnected. | |
| 15 | FWD | I | Forward/reverse signal input. Low: forward; High: reverse. Leave unconnected if not used. | 1 |
| 16 | NC | | Not connected | |
| 17 | NC | | Not connected | |
| 18 | CANTX | O | CAN bus transmit data output | |
| 19 | CANRX | I | CAN bus receive data input | |
| 20 | TXD | O | UART, asynchronous output (Default NMEA) | |
| 21 | RXD | I | UART, asynchronous input | |
| 22 | V_BCKP | I | Backup battery input. It is recommended to connect a backup supply voltage to V_BCKP in order to enable warm and hot start features. If no backup power is available, connect V_BCKP to the main power supply (VCC). | |
| 23 | VCC | I | DC supply input | |
| 24 | GND | P | Ground | |

Note (1): The user has to add level-shift circuits and ESD protection for the application if needed.

Note (2): VCC_RF does not have short circuit protection.

7 DC & Temperature characteristics

7.1 Absolute maximum ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | Ratings | Units |
|------------------------------|------------|----------|-------|
| Input Voltage | VCCabs. | 3.6 | V |
| Input Backup Battery Voltage | V_BCKPabs. | 4.3 | V |
| Operating Temperature Range | Topr_abs. | -40 ~ 85 | °C |
| Storage Temperature Range | Tstg_abs. | -40 ~ 85 | °C |

7.2 DC Electrical characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units |
|------------------------------|------------------|--|------|-------------------------|--------------------|-------|
| Input Voltage | VCC | | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.6 | V |
| Input Backup Battery Voltage | V_BCKP | | 1.6 | | 4.3 | V |
| VCC_RF Output Voltage | VCC_RF | | | VCC | | V |
| Supply Current | Iss | VCC = 3.3V, w/o active antenna, Peak | | | 284 ⁽¹⁾ | mA |
| | | Max | | | 124 | mA |
| | | Acquisition | | | | |
| | | Tracking | | 71 68 ⁽²⁾ | | |
| Backup Battery Current | Ibat | VCC = 0V | | 37 | | uA |
| VCC_RF Output Current | I _{out} | VIN = 3.3V | | | 25 | mA |
| High Level Input Voltage | V _{IH} | | 2.0 | | 3.6 | V |
| Low Level Input Voltage | V _{IL} | | -0.3 | | 0.8 | V |
| High Level Output Voltage | V _{OH} | | 2.6 | | | V |
| Low Level Output Voltage | V _{OL} | | | | 0.4 | V |

Note (1): Measured with 2MHz sampling rate. The power consumption of the module focuses on the current consumption of long-term use i.e. the tracking current in the specification, and the transient current consumption, which is the minimum design requirement for power supply to the module. It can ensure that the VCC power supply is sufficient without causing abnormal operation of the module.

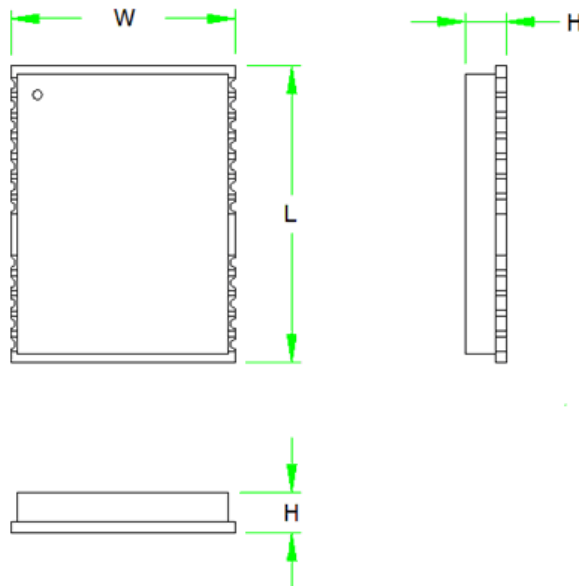
Note (2): Measured when position fix (1Hz) is available and input voltage is 3.3V with UART interface.

7.3 Temperature characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units |
|-----------------------|------------------|------|------|------|-------|
| Operating Temperature | T _{opr} | -40 | - | 85 | °C |
| Storage Temperature | T _{stg} | -40 | 25 | 85 | °C |

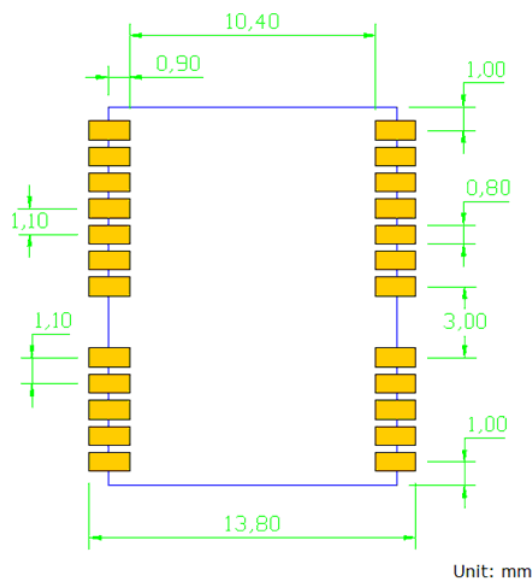
8 Mechanical specification

8.1 Outline dimensions



| Symbol | Min. (mm) | Typ. (mm) | Max. (mm) |
|--------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| W | 12.1 | 12.2 | 12.3 |
| L | 15.7 | 16.0 | 16.4 |
| H | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.5 |

8.2 Recommended land pattern dimensions



Note: The recommended land pattern dimensions are shown for reference only, as actual layout may vary depending on application.

8.3 Installation and calibration

The module must be rigidly fixed on the vehicle before power-on. No requirement for installation orientation. Do not move the module after power-on. The module is only suitable for vehicle navigation with acceleration less than 4g.

In order to get the better fused navigation, the initialization and calibration steps are suggested in the following.

1. Power on the module and wait GNSS position fix in the open sky environment.
2. Stay still for about 1 minute or more.
3. Drive in the straight road at the speed above 30km/h for more than 5 minutes in the open sky environment.
4. Accelerate and decelerate linearly more than 5 times in the open sky environment.
5. Complete 2 or more 90-degree turns in the open sky environment.
6. The system ready flag in the message “\$PSTMDR2” shows if the fused PVT is ready.

If the module is moved after rigidly fixing on the vehicle, it can automatically start initialization and calibration. If the user wants to force the module to do calibration again, please issue the software commands as below.

1. Send the command “\$PSTMGPSUSPEND<CR><LF>” to the module to suspend GNSS engine.
2. Wait for at least 50ms.
3. Send the command “\$PSTMNVMITEMINV,80,1<CR><LF>” to the module.
4. Wait for at least 50ms.
5. Send the command “\$PSTMNVMITEMINV,81,1<CR><LF>” to the module.
6. Wait for at least 50ms.
7. Send the command “\$PSTMSRR<CR><LF>” to the module to reset GNSS system.
8. The module will restart the initialization and calibration.

9 Software interface

9.1 NMEA output message

Table 9.1-1 NMEA output message

| NMEA record | Description |
|-------------|--|
| GGA | Global positioning system fixed data |
| GLL | Geographic position - latitude/longitude |
| GSA | GNSS DOP and active satellites |
| GSV | GNSS satellites in view |
| RMC | Recommended minimum specific GNSS data |
| VTG | Course over ground and ground speed |
| ZDA | UTC, day, month and year. |

- **GGA--- Global Positioning System Fixed Data**

Table 9.1-2 contains the values for the following example:

\$GNGGA,013654.000,2503.71447,N,12138.74593,E,1,16,0.7,130.00,M,15.3,M,,*72

Table 9.1- 2 GGA Data Format

| Name | Example | Units | Description |
|------------------------|-------------|--------|--|
| Message ID | \$GNGGA | | GGA protocol header |
| UTC Time | 013654.000 | | hhmmss.sss |
| Latitude | 2503.71447 | | ddmm.mmmmm |
| N/S indicator | N | | Latitude Direction: North or South |
| Longitude | 12138.74593 | | dddmm.mmmmm |
| E/W Indicator | E | | Longitude Direction: East or West |
| Position Fix Indicator | 1 | | See Table 8.1-3 |
| Satellites Used | 16 | | Satellites in use |
| HDOP | 0.7 | | Horizontal Dilution of Precision,max:99.0 |
| MSL Altitude | 130.00 | meters | Height above mean sea level |
| Units | M | meters | Reference Unit for Altitude (“M” = meters) |
| Geoidal Separation | 15.3 | meters | Geoidal Separation measure in “M” = meters |
| Units | M | meters | Reference Unit for Geoidal Separation (“M” = meters) |
| DGPS Age | | | Not supported |
| DGPS Reference | | | Not supported |
| Checksum | *72 | | |
| <CR> <LF> | | | End of message termination |

Table 9.1-3 Position Fix Indicators

| Value | Description |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| 0 | Fix not available or invalid |
| 1 | GNSS fix valid |
| 2 | Differential GNSS fix valid |
| 3-5 | Not supported |
| 6 | Estimated (Dead Reckoning) Mode |

- **GLL--- Geographic Position – Latitude/Longitude**

Table 9.1-4 contains the values for the following example:

\$GNGLL,2503.71447,N,12138.74593,E,013654.000,A,A*42

Table 9.1-4 GLL Data Format

| Name | Example | Units | Description |
|---------------|-------------|-------|---|
| Message ID | \$GNGLL | | GLL protocol header |
| Latitude | 2503.71447 | | ddmm.mmmmm |
| N/S indicator | N | | Latitude Direction: North or South |
| Longitude | 12138.74593 | | dddmm.mmmmm |
| E/W indicator | E | | Longitude Direction: East or West |
| UTC Time | 013654.000 | | hhmmss.sss |
| Status | A | | Validity of Data; A=data valid or V=data invalid |
| Mode | A | | A = Autonomous mode, D = Differential mode, E = Estimated (Dead Reckoning) Mode, N=Data invalid, |
| Checksum | *42 | | |
| <CR> <LF> | | | End of message termination |

- **GSA---GNSS DOP and Active Satellites**

Table 9.1-5 contains the values for the following example:

\$GNGSA,A,3,05,24,15,21,10,18,13,12,20,32,,1.1,0.7,0.9*2C

\$GNGSA,A,3,70,69,84,85,68,,,,,,,,,1.1,0.7,0.9*25

\$GNGSA,A,3,193,,,,,,,,,,,,,1.1,0.7,0.9*19

\$GNGSA,A,3,,,,,,,,,,,,,1.1,0.7,0.9*22

\$GNGSA,A,3,,,,,,,,,,,,,1.1,0.7,0.9*22

Table 9.1-5 GSA Data Format

| Name | Example | Units | Description |
|------------|---------|-------|---------------------|
| Message ID | \$GNGSA | | GSA protocol header |
| Mode 1 | A | | See Table 9.1-6 |

| | | | |
|----------------------|-----|--|--|
| Mode 2 | 3 | | See Table 9.1-7 |
| ID of satellite used | 05 | | Sv on Channel 1 |
| ID of satellite used | 24 | | Sv on Channel 2 |
| | | | |
| ID of satellite used | | | Sv on Channel 12 |
| PDOP | 1.1 | | Position Dilution of Precision,max:99.0 |
| HDOP | 0.7 | | Horizontal Dilution of Precision, max:99.0 |
| VDOP | 0.9 | | Vertical Dilution of Precision, max:99.0 |
| Checksum | *2C | | |
| <CR> <LF> | | | End of message termination |

Table 9.1-6 Mode 1

| Value | Description |
|-------|--|
| M | Manual: forced to operate in 2D or 3D mode |
| A | Automatic: allowed to automatically switch 2D/3D |

Table 9.1-7 Mode 2

| Value | Description |
|-------|------------------|
| 1 | No Fix available |
| 2 | 2D |
| 3 | 3D |

● GSV---GNSS Satellites in View

Table 9.1-8 contains the values for the following example:

\$GNGSV,6,1,24,03,71,305,46,05,51,197,,11,08,327,45,15,18,289,*68

\$GNGSV,6,2,24,16,35,215,45,18,68,103,,19,32,133,,25,23,012,*6B

\$GNGSV,6,3,24,30,25,179,45,31,30,139,46,32,34,290,,74,17,006,44*68

\$GNGSV,6,4,24,65,41,320,45,76,41,320,45,76,38,265,,75,45,311,*6A

\$GNGSV,6,5,24,69,41,320,,70,24,142,,86,09,193,,80,41,320,*6F

\$GNGSV,6,6,24,70,08,144,,85,11,142,44,71,56,108,44,72,47,004,43*6C

Table 9.1-8 GSV Data Format

| Name | Example | Units | Description |
|---------------------------------------|---------|-------|------------------------------------|
| Message ID | \$GNGSV | | GSV protocol header |
| Total number of messages ¹ | 6 | | Range 1 to 8 |
| Message number ¹ | 1 | | Range 1 to 8 |
| Satellites in view | 24 | | Total Number of Satellites in view |
| Satellite ID | 03 | | Channel 1 (Range 01 to 330) |

| | | | |
|--------------|-----|---------|--|
| Elevation | 71 | degrees | Channel 1 (Range 00 to 90) |
| Azimuth | 305 | degrees | Channel 1 (Range 000 to 359) |
| SNR (C/No) | 46 | dB-Hz | Channel 1 (Range 00 to 99, null when not tracking) |
| | | | |
| Satellite ID | 15 | | Channel 4 (Range 01 to 330) |
| Elevation | 18 | degrees | Channel 4 (Range 00 to 90) |
| Azimuth | 289 | degrees | Channel 4 (Range 000 to 359) |
| SNR (C/No) | | dB-Hz | Channel 4 (Range 00 to 99, null when not tracking) |
| Checksum | *68 | | |
| <CR> <LF> | | | End of message termination |

Note (1): Depending on the number of satellites tracked multiple messages of GSV data may be required.

Note (2): GPS ID: 01~32, SBAS ID: 33~51, QZSS ID: 183~197, GLONASS ID: 65~92, GALILEO ID: 301~330

- **RMC---Recommended Minimum Specific GNSS Data**

Table 9.1-9 contains the values for the following example:

\$GNRMC,015924.000,A,2503.71417,N,12138.74623,E,0.1,0.0,230217,,D*77

Table 9.1-9 RMC Data Format

| Name | Example | Units | Description |
|--------------------|-------------|---------|--|
| Message ID | \$GNRMC | | RMC protocol header |
| UTC Time | 015924.000 | | hhmmss.sss |
| Status | A | | A=data valid or V=data invalid |
| Latitude | 2503.71417 | | ddmm.mmmmm |
| N/S Indicator | N | | Latitude Direction: North or South |
| Longitude | 12138.74623 | | dddmm.mmmmm |
| E/W Indicator | E | | Longitude Direction: East or West |
| Speed over ground | 0.1 | knots | Speed over ground in knots |
| Course over ground | 0.0 | degrees | Course made good,max |
| Date | 230217 | | ddmmyy |
| Magnetic variation | | degrees | |
| Variation sense | | | Magnetic Variation Direction: East or West |
| Mode | D | | A = Autonomous mode, D = Differential mode, E = Estimated (Dead Reckoning) mode, N=Data invalid |
| Checksum | *77 | | |
| <CR> <LF> | | | End of message termination |

- **VTG---Course Over Ground and Ground Speed**

Table 9.1-10 contains the values for the following example:

\$GNVTG,0.0,T,,M,0.1,N,0.1,K,D*16

Table 9.1-10 VTG Data Format

| Name | Example | Units | Description |
|--------------------|---------|---------|---|
| Message ID | \$GNVTG | | VTG protocol header |
| Course over ground | 0.0 | degrees | Reference to “true” earth poles |
| Reference | T | | Indicates “terrestrial” |
| Course over ground | | degrees | Reference to “magnetic” earth poles |
| Reference | M | | Indicates “Magnetic” |
| Speed over ground | 0.1 | knots | Speed over ground in knots |
| Units | N | | Indicates “Knots” |
| Speed over ground | 0.1 | km/h | Speed over ground in kilometers per hour |
| Units | K | | Indicates “Kilometers per hour” |
| Mode | D | | A = Autonomous mode, D = Differential mode, E = Estimated (Dead Reckoning)mode |
| Checksum | *16 | | |
| <CR> <LF> | | | End of message termination |

- **ZDA---UTC, day, month and year.**

Table 9.1-11 contains the values for the following example:

\$GNZDA,020849.00,23,02,2017,00,00*78

Table 9.1-11 ZDA Data Format

| Name | Example | Units | Description |
|--------------------|-----------|--------|---|
| Message ID | \$GNZDA | | ZDA protocol header |
| Timestamp | 020849.00 | | hhmmss.ss |
| Day | 23 | | Decimal, 2 digits Day of month (01 to 31) |
| Month | 02 | | Decimal, 2 digits Month (01 to 12) |
| Year | 2017 | | Decimal, 4 digits Year (1994 - ...) |
| Local zone hour | 00 | hour | Local time zone offset from UTC (set to 00) |
| Local zone minutes | 00 | minute | Local time zone offset from UTC (set to 00) |
| Checksum | *78 | | |
| <CR> <LF> | | | End of message termination |

9.2 Proprietary NMEA input message

Table 9.2-1 proprietary input message

| Software command | Command descriptions |
|--------------------|------------------------------|
| \$PSTMCOLD<CR><LF> | Perform a Cold start |
| \$PSTMWARM<CR><LF> | Perform a Warm start |
| \$PSTMHOT<CR><LF> | Perform a Hot start |
| \$PSTMDRSENMSG,1 | Input odometer count |
| \$PSTMDRSENMSG,2 | Input forward/reverse status |
| \$PSTMDRSENMSG,14 | Input vehicle speed |

- **\$PSTMCOLD---Perform a COLD start**

\$PSTMCOLD,<Mask><CR><LF>

Table 9.2-2 \$PSTMCOLD Data format

| Parameter | Format | Description |
|-----------|---------|---|
| Mask | Integer | Optional parameter to invalidate time, position, ephemeris and almanac: 0x1-clear almanac 0x2-clear ephemeris 0x4-clear position 0x8-clear time |

Note: If Mask parameter is not used, default is 0xE (clear ephemeris, time and position).

Example:

\$PSTMCOLD,6<CR><LF>

- **\$PSTMWARM---Perform a WARM start**

Example:

\$PSTMWARM<CR><LF>

- **\$PSTMHOT---Perform a HOT start**

Example:

\$PSTMHOT<CR><LF>

- **\$ PSTMDRSENMSG,1---Input odometer count**

\$PSTMDRSENMSG,1,0,<odometer><CR><LF>

The maximum input value of <odometer> is 99999. When the accumulated odometer count is bigger than 99999, it must be re-accumulated from 0. The recommended frequency of sending this message to the module is 5 times per second.

Example:

\$PSTMDRSENMSG,1,0,2000<CR><LF>

- **\$ PSTMDRSENMSG,2---Input forward/reverse status**

\$PSTMDRSENMSG,2,0,<status><CR><LF>

<status> = 0 means forward. <status> = 1 means reverse.

The recommended initial value of sending this message to the module is 0. It needs to be sent to the module only when the vehicle's forward/revrse status changes.

Example:

\$PSTMDRSENMSG,2,0,0<CR><LF>

- **\$ PSTMDRSENMSG,14---Input vehicle speed**

\$PSTMDRSENMSG,14,0,<speed><CR><LF>

The unit of <speed> is kilometer per hour. The maximum input value is 99999 km/hr. The recommended frequency of sending this message to the module is 5 times per second.

Example:

\$PSTMDRSENMSG,14,0,40<CR><LF>

9.3 Dead Reckoning (DR) output message

Table 9.3-1 DR output message

| DR record | Description |
|-------------------------|---|
| \$PSTMDRSENMSG <CR><LF> | Format: for Msg ID = 1、 3、 14、 24、 30、 31 |
| \$PSTMDRCAL<CR><LF> | Reports the calibration status of the DR calibration parameters. |
| \$PSTMDRGPSS<CR><LF> | This message reports at 1 Hz relevant GNSS information. |
| \$PSTMDR1<CR><LF> | This message reports at 1 Hz data that allow to understand details about ADR/UDR alignment angles, bias and sensitivity values for gyroscope and accelerometer. |
| \$PSTMDR2<CR><LF> | This message reports at 1 Hz data that allow to understand details about ADR/UDR calibration status and availability. |
| \$PSTMDRPVA<CR><LF> | This message reports at 1 Hz data position, velocity and attitude estimated. |
| \$PSTMDRPVASD<CR><LF> | This message reports at 1 Hz the standard deviation of DR estimates for position, velocity and attitude. |
| \$PSTMDRSINT<CR><LF> | This message reports at 1 Hz the result for sensors integration samples between two consecutive GNSS epochs, i.e. across 1 second. |

- **\$PSTMDRSENMSG,1**

Example:

\$PSTMDRSENMSG,1,478872124,23556*16

Table 9.3-2 \$PSTMDRSENMSG,1 Data Format

| Name | Example | Description |
|---------------|----------------|--|
| Message | \$PSTMDRSENMSG | Reports DR sensor message data, which is specific to the message id for each specific DR sensor configuration. |
| Message ID | 1 | Odometer count |
| cpu timestamp | 478872124 | microseconds |
| odometer | 23556 | unsigned odometer count |
| Checksum | *16 | |
| <CR> <LF> | | End of message termination |

- **\$PSTMDRSENMSG,3**

Example:

\$PSTMDRSENMSG,3,3377701539,557802,0*0A

Table 9.3-3 \$PSTMDRSENMSG,3 Data Format

| Name | Example | Description |
|---------------|----------------|--|
| Message | \$PSTMDRSENMSG | Reports DR sensor message data, which is specific to the message id for each specific DR sensor configuration. |
| Message ID | 3 | Odometer count and reverse signal input |
| cpu timestamp | 3377701539 | microseconds |
| odometer | 557802 | unsigned odometer count |
| Reverse | 0 | 0 = forward, 1 = reverse |
| Checksum | *0A | |

| | | |
|-----------|--|----------------------------|
| <CR> <LF> | | End of message termination |
|-----------|--|----------------------------|

- **\$PSTMDRSENMSG,14**

Example:

\$PSTMDRSENMSG,14,1173575113,28.0*30

Table 9.3-4 \$PSTMDRSENMSG,14 Data Format

| Name | Example | Description |
|---------------|----------------|--|
| Message | \$PSTMDRSENMSG | Reports DR sensor message data, which is specific to the message id for each specific DR sensor configuration. |
| Message ID | 14 | Vehicle speed |
| cpu timestamp | 1173575113 | microseconds |
| Vehicle speed | 28.0 | 1 Kph resolution |
| Checksum | *30 | |
| <CR> <LF> | | End of message termination |

- **\$PSTMDRSENMSG,24**

Example:

\$PSTMDRSENMSG,24,1174901488,5184,1*3D

Table 9.3-5 \$PSTMDRSENMSG,24 Data Format

| Name | Example | Description |
|---------------|----------------|--|
| Message | \$PSTMDRSENMSG | Reports DR sensor message data, which is specific to the message id for each specific DR sensor configuration. |
| Message ID | 24 | Gyroscope sensor temperature |
| cpu timestamp | 1174901488 | microseconds |
| temperature | 5184 | Gyro sensor temperature |
| validity | 1 | |
| Checksum | *3D | |
| <CR> <LF> | | End of message termination |

- **\$PSTMDRSENMSG,30**

Example:

\$PSTMDRSENMSG,30,2827546184,407,-125,16522*3D

Table 9.3-6 \$PSTMDRSENMSG,30 Data Format

| Name | Example | Description |
|---------------|----------------|--|
| Message | \$PSTMDRSENMSG | Reports DR sensor message data, which is specific to the message id for each specific DR sensor configuration. |
| Message ID | 30 | 3D accelerometer |
| cpu timestamp | 2827546184 | microseconds |
| raw_x | 407 | $407\text{mg} / \text{LSB} * 0.061 = 24.827\text{mg} * 0.0098 \text{ m/s}^2 = 0.2433046 \text{ m/s}^2$ |

| | | |
|-----------|-------|--|
| raw_y | -125 | -125mg /LSB*0.061 = -7.625mg*0.0098 m/s ² = -0.074725 m/s ² |
| raw_z | 16522 | 16522mg /LSB*0.061 = 1007.842mg*0.0098 m/s ² = 9.8768516 m/s ² |
| Checksum | *3D | |
| <CR> <LF> | | End of message termination |

Note: for unit mg/LSB*0.061, 1g=1000mg; 1g= 9.8 m/s² ; 1mg = 0.0098 m/s²

- **\$PSTMDRSENMSG,31**

Example:

\$PSTMDRSENMSG,31,2827547603,360,-807,-526*17

Table 9.3-7 \$PSTMDRSENMSG,31 Data Format

| Name | Example | Description |
|---------------|----------------|--|
| Message | \$PSTMDRSENMSG | Reports DR sensor message data, which is specific to the message id for each specific DR sensor configuration. |
| Message ID | 31 | 3D gyroscope |
| cpu timestamp | 2827547603 | microseconds |
| raw_x | 360 | 360 mdps *4.375 = 1575 mdps = 1.575 dps = 1.575 degree/s |
| raw_y | -807 | -807 mdps *4.375 = 3530.625 mdps = 3.530625 dps = 3.530625 degree/s |
| raw_z | -526 | -526 mdps *4.375 = 2301.25 mdps = 2.30125 dps = 2.30125 degree/s |
| Checksum | *17 | |
| <CR> <LF> | | End of message termination |

Note: for unit mdps*4.375, 1dps = 1000mdps = 1000m degree/s

- **\$PSTMDRCAL**

Example:

\$PSTMDRCAL,0,1,0,1,ff,1,1,L*0E

Table 9.3-8 \$PSTMDRCAL Data Format

| Name | Example | Description |
|----------------------|-------------|---|
| Message ID | \$PSTMDRCAL | Reports the calibration status of the DR calibration parameters. |
| dr_is_calib | 0 | 0 = DR isn't fully calibrated 1 = DR is fully calibrated |
| odo_is_calib | 1 | 0 = Odo scale isn't fully calibrated 1 = Odo scale is calibrated |
| gyro_gain_is_calib | 0 | 0 = gyro gain isn't fully calibrated 1 = gyro gain is calibrated |
| gyro_offset_is_calib | 1 | 0 = gyro offset isn't fully calibrated 1 = gyro offset is calibrated |
| imu_flag | ff | Only showing "ff" or "3f" |
| gyro_integrity_flag | 1 | 1: gyro signal is healthy , 0: gyro signal is faulty |
| acc_integrity | 1 | 1: acc signal is healthy , 0: acc signal is faulty |
| dr_calib_status | L | N: calibration Not available , L: Light calibration , F: Full calibration |
| Checksum | *0E | |
| <CR> <LF> | | End of message termination |

- **\$PSTMDRGPS**

Example:

\$PSTMDRGPS,25.061906389,121.645783470,0.00427,-0.00446,1.402,0.680,1.227,3.246,0.016,-0.06354,120.2*74

Table 9.3-9 \$PSTMDGPS Data Format

| Name | Example | Description |
|------------------|---------------|---|
| Message | \$PSTMDRGPS | This message reports at 1 Hz relevant GNSS information. |
| lat | 25.061906389 | Decimal degrees |
| lon | 121.645783470 | Decimal degrees |
| vn | 0.00427 | Velocity' s north vector component, in meters/second |
| ve | -0.00446 | Velocity' s east vector component, in meters/second |
| pdop | 1.402 | Position dilution of precision |
| hdop | 0.680 | Horizontal dilution of precision |
| vdop | 1.227 | Vertical dilution of precision |
| Rms_pos_residual | 3.246 | Meters |
| Rms_vel_residual | 0.016 | Meters |
| vv | -0.06354 | Velocity' s vertical vector component, in meters/second |
| height | 120.2 | Meters |
| Checksum | *74 | |
| <CR> <LF> | | End of message termination |

- **\$PSTMDR1**

Example:

\$PSTMDR1,0.329426,-1.297802,-89.500000,1.000000,-0.534401,-0.322247,0.168037,0.263500,-
 0.294415,0.111675,0.792870,0.000000,0.000000*1D

Table 9.3-10 \$PSTMDR1 Data Format

| Name | Example | Description |
|----------------|------------|--|
| Message | \$PSTMDR1 | This message reports at 1 Hz data that allow to understand details about ADR/UDR alignment angles, bias and sensitivity values for gyroscope& accelerometer. |
| M pitch | 0.329426 | Misalignment sensor vs. vehicle frame saved in memory- Pitch angle [deg] |
| M roll | -1.297802 | Misalignment sensor vs. vehicle frame saved in memory- Roll angle [deg] |
| M yaw | -89.500000 | Misalignment sensor vs. vehicle frame saved in memory- Yaw angle [deg] |
| gsz | 1.000000 | Gyro z axis sensitivity [adimensional] |
| gbx | -0.534401 | Gyro x axis bias [dps] |
| gby | -0.322247 | Gyro y axis bias [dps] |
| gbz | 0.168037 | Gyro z axis bias [dps] |
| abx | 0.263500 | Accelerometer x axis bias [m/s^2] |
| aby | -0.294415 | Accelerometer y axis bias [m/s^2] |
| abz | 0.111675 | Accelerometer z axis bias [m/s^2] |
| odometer_scale | 0.792870 | Meters/pulse |

| | | |
|-----------|----------|----------------------------|
| Res1_baro | 0.000000 | Reserved for barometer |
| Res2_baro | 0.000000 | Reserved for barometer |
| Checksum | *1D | |
| <CR> <LF> | | End of message termination |

- **\$PSTMDR2**

Example:

\$PSTMDR2,NC,AA,1,0,1,0.00,0.00,1*32

Table 9.3-11 \$PSTMDR2 Data Format

| Name | Example | Description |
|-------------------|-----------|---|
| Message | \$PSTMDR2 | This message reports at 1 Hz data that allow to understand details about ADR/UDR calibration status and availability. |
| IMU cal | NC | 6-axes IMU calibration status. Char #1: accelerometer Char #2: gyroscope A: Not Available (sensor not supported) N: Not calibrated C: Calibrated |
| AS cal | AA | Additional sensors calibration status. A: Not Available (sensor not supported) N: Not calibrated C: Calibrated |
| Motion status | 1 | Motion status indicator. 0: Unclassified 1: Stopped 2: Straight 3: No straight no turn 4: Turning 5: Accelerating 6: Braking 7: Reverse |
| Err code | 0 | FW error code. 00: No Error 01: Gyro Failure 02: Accelerometer Failure 03: Odometer failure 04: GNSS Failure 05: Pressure Sensor Failure 06: Magnetometer Failure 07: Misalignment Failure 08: Acc KF Failure 09: Gyro KF Failure 10: Generic SW Failure |
| sr | 1 | System Ready Flag. 0: System not ready (GNSS-only PVT out) 1: System ready (PVT is GNSS sensors fusion) |
| Cross_track_error | 0.00 | Cross track error vs GNSS [m] |
| Along_track_error | 0.00 | Along track error vs GNSS [m] |
| sa | 1 | System aligned Flag. 0: System not aligned (The Full Free Mounted procedure is not finished) 1: System aligned (The Full Free Mounted procedure completes successfully) |
| Checksum | *32 | |

| | |
|-----------|----------------------------|
| <CR> <LF> | End of message termination |
|-----------|----------------------------|

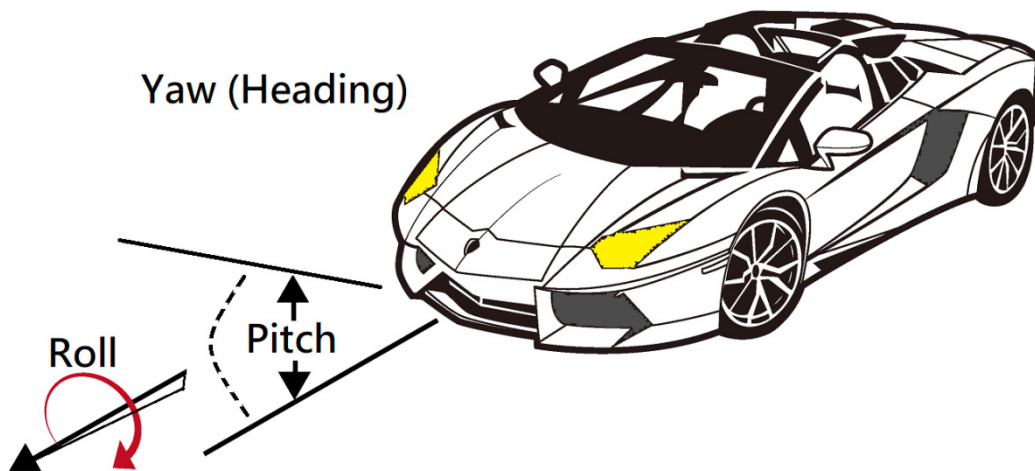
● **\$PSTMDRPVA**

Example:

\$PSTMDRPVA,033234.000,874446223,25.0621174,121.6450876,43.4,0.00,0.00,0.01,1.05,-0.00,45.51*71

Table 9.3-12 \$PSTMDRPVA Data Format

| Name | Example | Description |
|-----------|-------------|---|
| Message | \$PSTMDRPVA | This message reports at 1 Hz data position, velocity and attitude estimated. |
| Timestamp | 033234.000 | Fix timestamp in UTC hh: hours (Fixed two digits) mm: minutes (Fixed two digits) ss: seconds (Fixed two digits) .sss: decimal fraction of seconds |
| CPU time | 87446223 | Time of DR estimation [CPU ticks] |
| Latitude | 25.0621174 | DR latitude [deg] |
| Longitude | 121.6450876 | DR longitude [deg] |
| Height | 43.4 | DR height [m] |
| V north | 0.00 | DR velocity north component [m/s] |
| V east | 0.00 | DR velocity east component [m/s] |
| V up | 0.01 | DR velocity up component [m/s] |
| Pitch | 1.05 | DR pitch angle [deg] |
| Roll | -0.00 | DR roll angle [deg] |
| Heading | 45.51 | DR heading angle [deg] |
| Checksum | *71 | |
| <CR> <LF> | | End of message termination |



● **\$PSTMDRVPASD**

Example:

\$PSTMDRVPASD,033234.000,874446223,5.0,7.0,236.5,0.00,0.00,0.35,0.29,0.29,180.76,1.9,1.4,3.0,0.00,0.00,0.00*4B

Table 9.3-13 \$PSTMDRVPASD Data Format

| Name | Example | Description |
|--------------|---------------|---|
| Message | \$PSTMDRVPASD | This message reports at 1 Hz the standard deviation of DR estimates for position, velocity and attitude |
| Timestamp | 033234.000 | Fix timestamp in UTC hh: hours (Fixed two digits) mm: minutes (Fixed two digits) ss: seconds (Fixed two digits) .sss: decimal fraction of seconds |
| CPU time | 874446223 | Time of DR estimation [CPU ticks] |
| Latitude sd | 5.0 | DR latitude standard deviation [m] |
| Longitude sd | 7.0 | DR longitude standard deviation [m] |
| Height sd | 236.5 | DR height standard deviation [m] |
| V north sd | 0.00 | DR velocity north component standard deviation [m/s] |
| V east sd | 0.00 | DR velocity east component standard deviation [m/s] |
| V up sd | 0.35 | DR velocity up component standard deviation [m/s] |
| Pitch sd | 0.29 | DR pitch angle standard deviation [deg] |
| Roll sd | 0.29 | DR roll angle standard deviation [deg] |
| Heading sd | 180.76 | DR heading angle standard deviation [deg] |
| P_ne_sd | 1.9 | DR position north east standard deviation [m] |
| P_nu_sd | 1.4 | DR position north up standard deviation [m] |
| P_eu_sd | 3.0 | DR position east up standard deviation [m] |
| V_ne_sd | 0.00 | DR velocity north east standard deviation [m/s] |
| V_nu_sd | 0.00 | DR velocity north up standard deviation [m/s] |
| V_eu_sd | 0.00 | DR velocity east up standard deviation [m/s] |
| Checksum | *4B | |
| <CR> <LF> | | End of message termination |

● **\$PSTMDRSINT**

Example:

\$PSTMDRSINT,15,15,0,0,1.000,1.000,0.000,-0.55,-0.32,0.17,0.44,-0.30,9.90,0.00*15

Table 9.3-14 \$PSTMDRSINT Data Format

| Name | Example | Description |
|-------------------|--------------|--|
| Message | \$PSTMDRSINT | This message reports at 1 Hz the result for sensors integration samples between two consecutive GNSS epochs, i.e. across 1 second. |
| gyro sample count | 15 | Number of gyro samples received |
| acc sample count | 15 | Number of acc samples received |
| pres sample count | 0 | Number of pressure samples received |
| Odometer count | 0 | Number of odometer pulses received |

| | | |
|---------------|-------|--|
| gyro int time | 1.000 | Time elapsed between 1st and last gyro sample received [s] |
| acc int time | 1.000 | Time elapsed between 1st and last acc sample received [s] |
| pres int time | 0.000 | Time elapsed between 1st and last pressure sample received [s] |
| gyro x avg | -0.55 | Average of x gyro samples received [dps] |
| gyro y avg | -0.32 | Average of y gyro samples received [dps] |
| gyro z avg | 0.17 | Average of z gyro samples received [dps] |
| acc x avg | 0.44 | Average of x acc samples received [m/s ²] |
| acc y avg | -0.30 | Average of x acc samples received [m/s ²] |
| acc z avg | 9.90 | Average of x acc samples received [m/s ²] |
| pressure avg | 0.00 | Average of pressure samples received [hPa] |
| Checksum | *15 | |
| <CR> <LF> | | End of message termination |

9.4 STAGPS autonomous solution

STMicro provide "STAGPS" autonomous solution works using the past real ephemeris (downloaded from the sky and stored in its internal database) to extrapolate the parameter of future ephemeris (up to 5 days of prediction).

For these reason the STAGPS autonomous performances (in terms of position accuracy using predicted ephemeris) are strictly dependent on the real ephemeris database content. In normal usage of STAGPS autonomous, the system automatically uploads the real ephemeris into its module database as soon as new ephemerides are downloaded from the sky.

10 Product handling

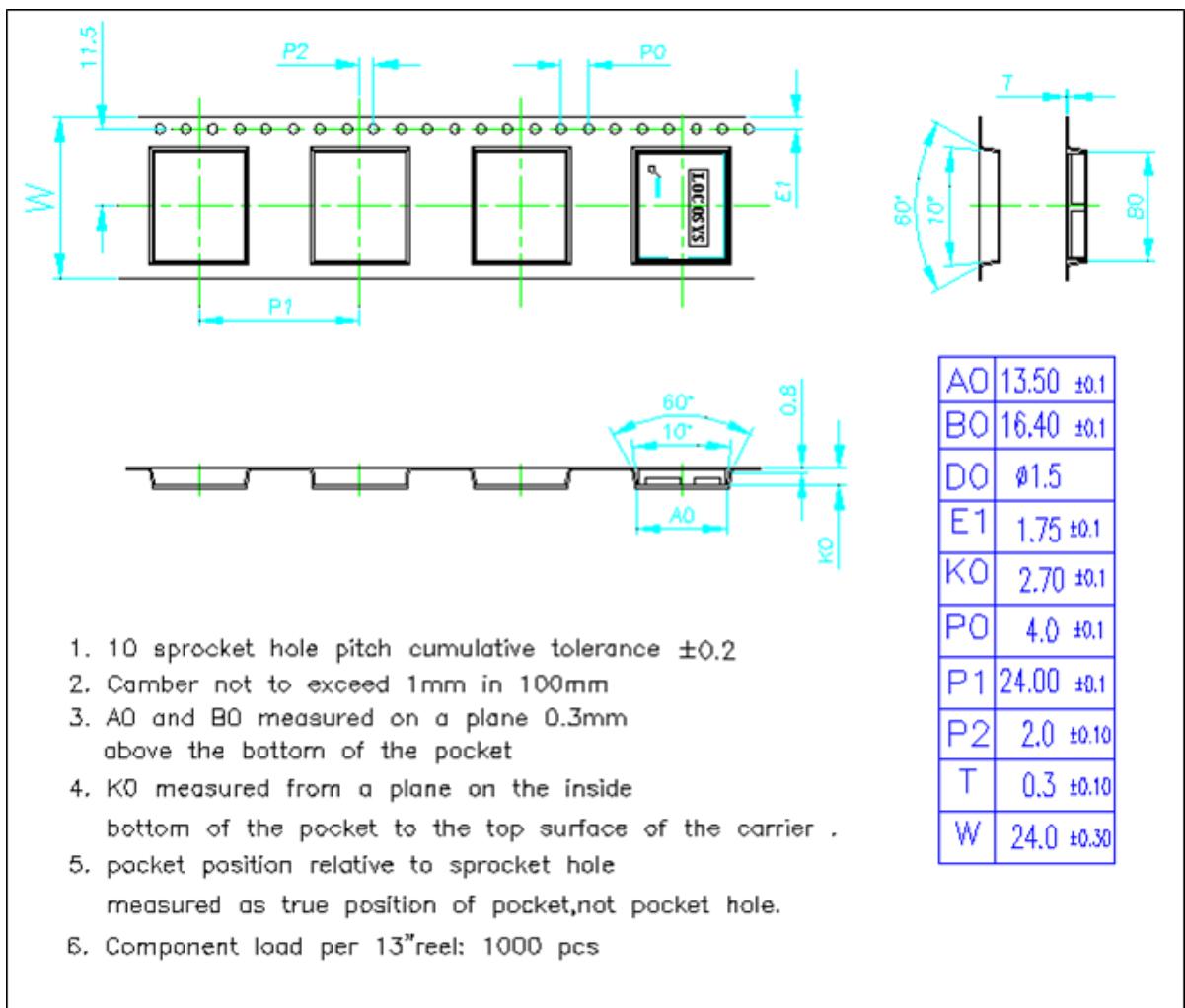
10.1 ESD precaution

GNSS modules are electrostatic sensitive devices. Handling the modules without proper ESD protection may result in severe damage to them. ESD protection must be implemented throughout the processing, handling and even when the modules are being returned for repair.

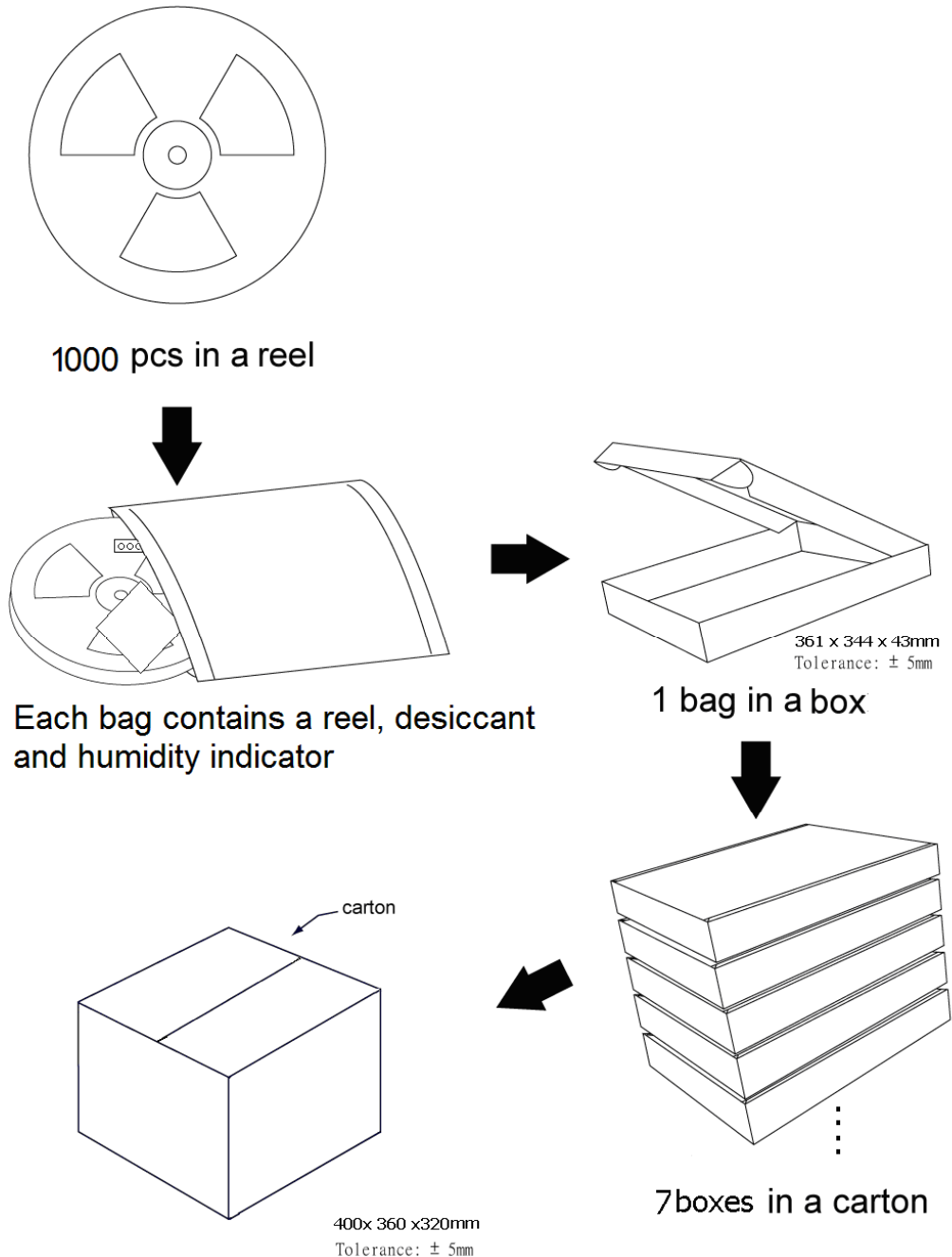
10.2 Packaging

The modules are sealed in a moisture barrier ESD bag with the appropriate units of desiccant and a humidity indicator card. It should not be opened until the modules are ready to be soldered onto the application.

10.2.1 Tape and reel packaging



10.2.2 Box packaging



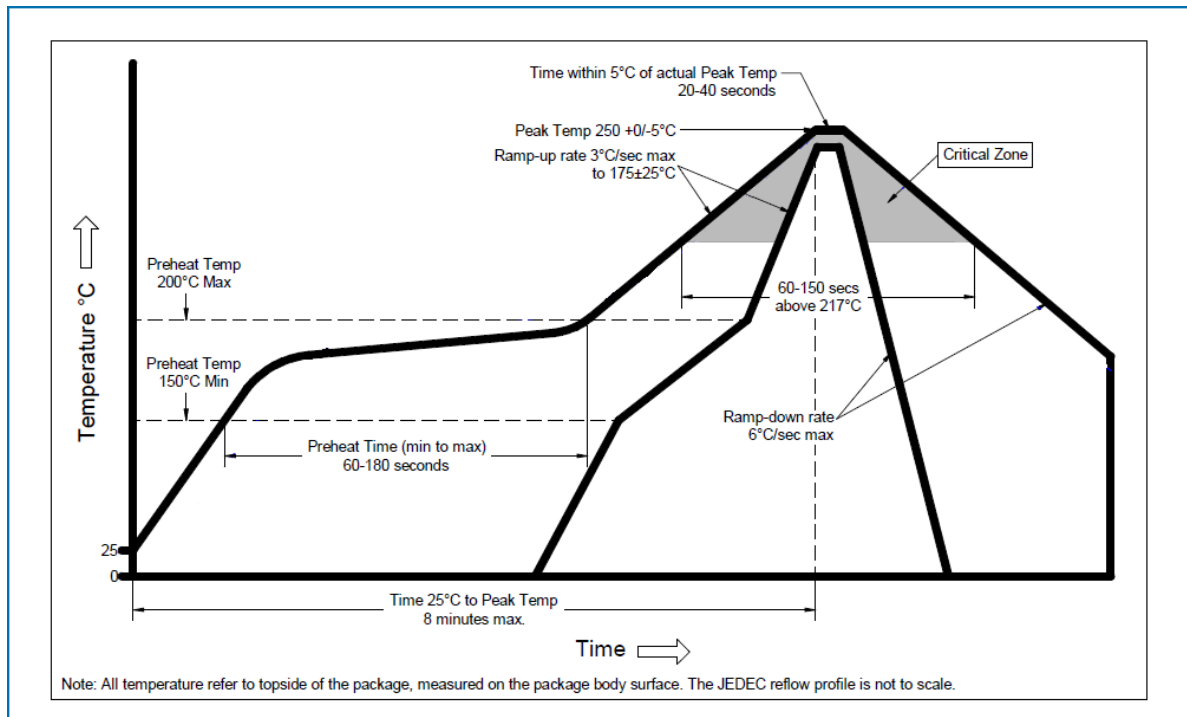
10.3 Moisture sensitivity level

The moisture sensitivity level of the module is 3. After the sealed bag is opened, modules should be mounted within 168 hours at factory conditions of $\cong 30^{\circ}\text{C}$ and 60% RH or stored at $\cong 20\%$ RH.

The modules require baking before mounting if above conditions are not met. If baking is required, the modules may be baked for:

- 192 hours at $40^{\circ}\text{C} + 5^{\circ}\text{C} / -0^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $< 5\%$ RH
- 24 hours at $125^{\circ}\text{C} + 5^{\circ}\text{C} / -0^{\circ}\text{C}$

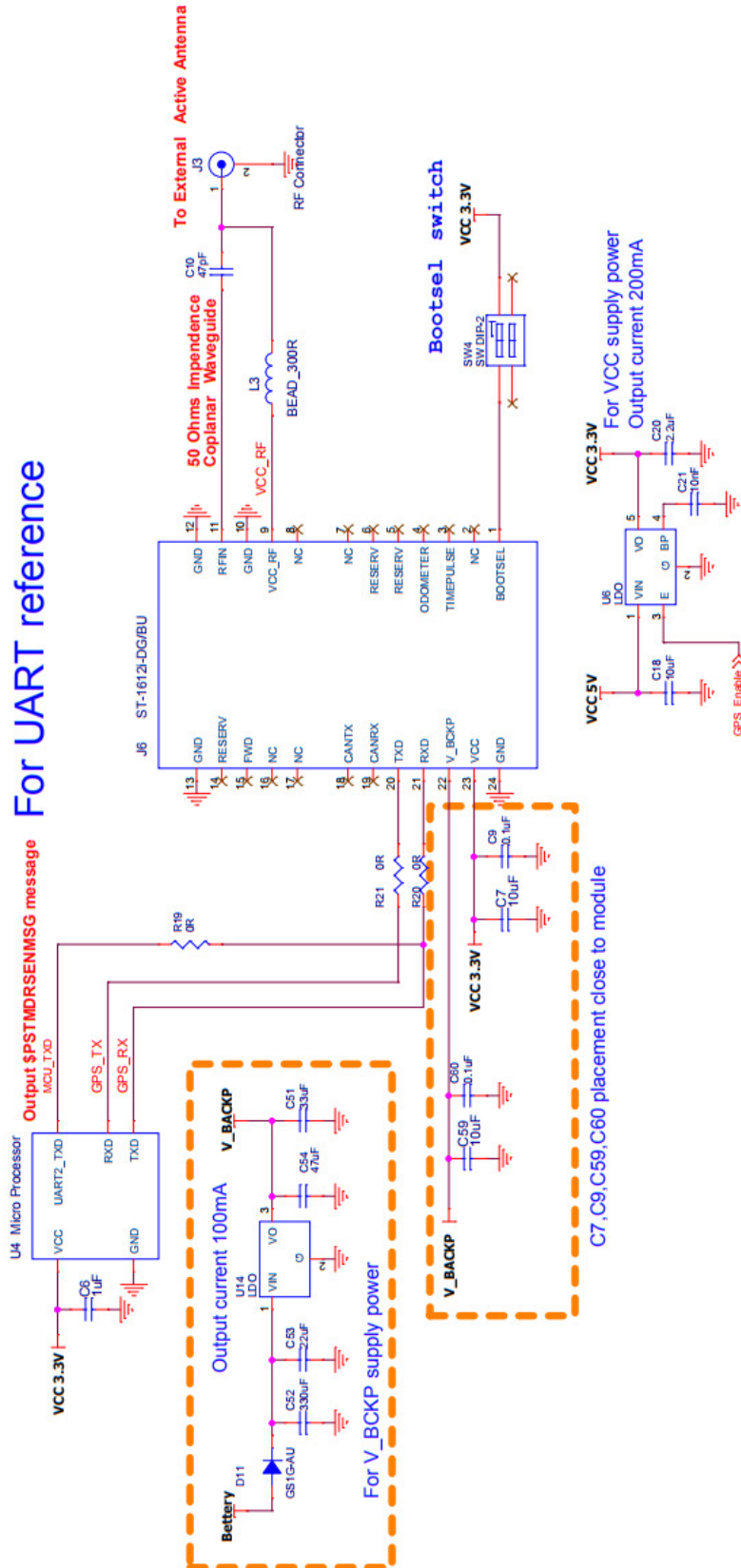
10.4 Reflow soldering



Note the module mounted to the top side (first reflow side) may fall off during reflow soldering of the bottom side.

11 Reference circuit

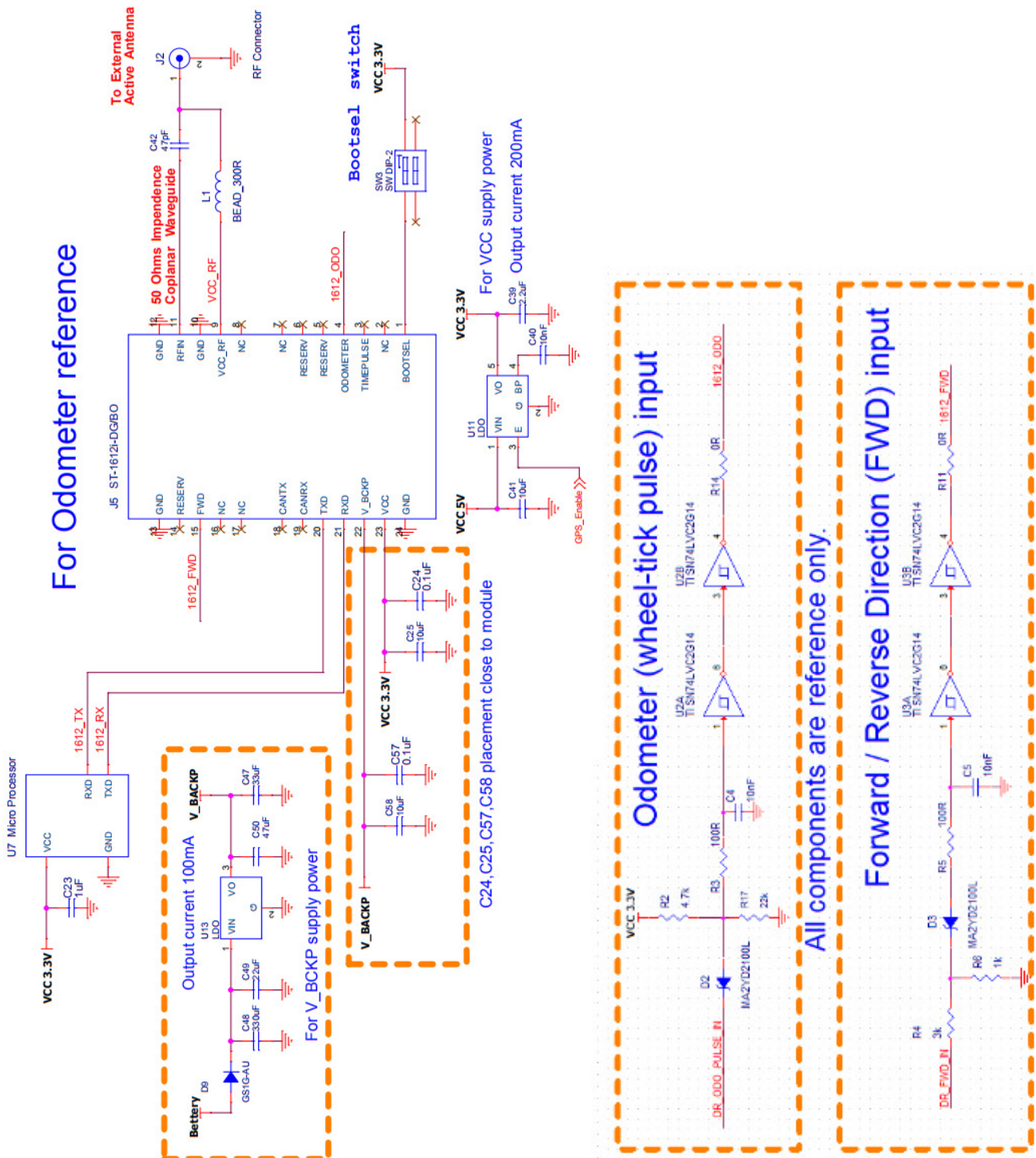
11.1 Vehicle speed input from UART port



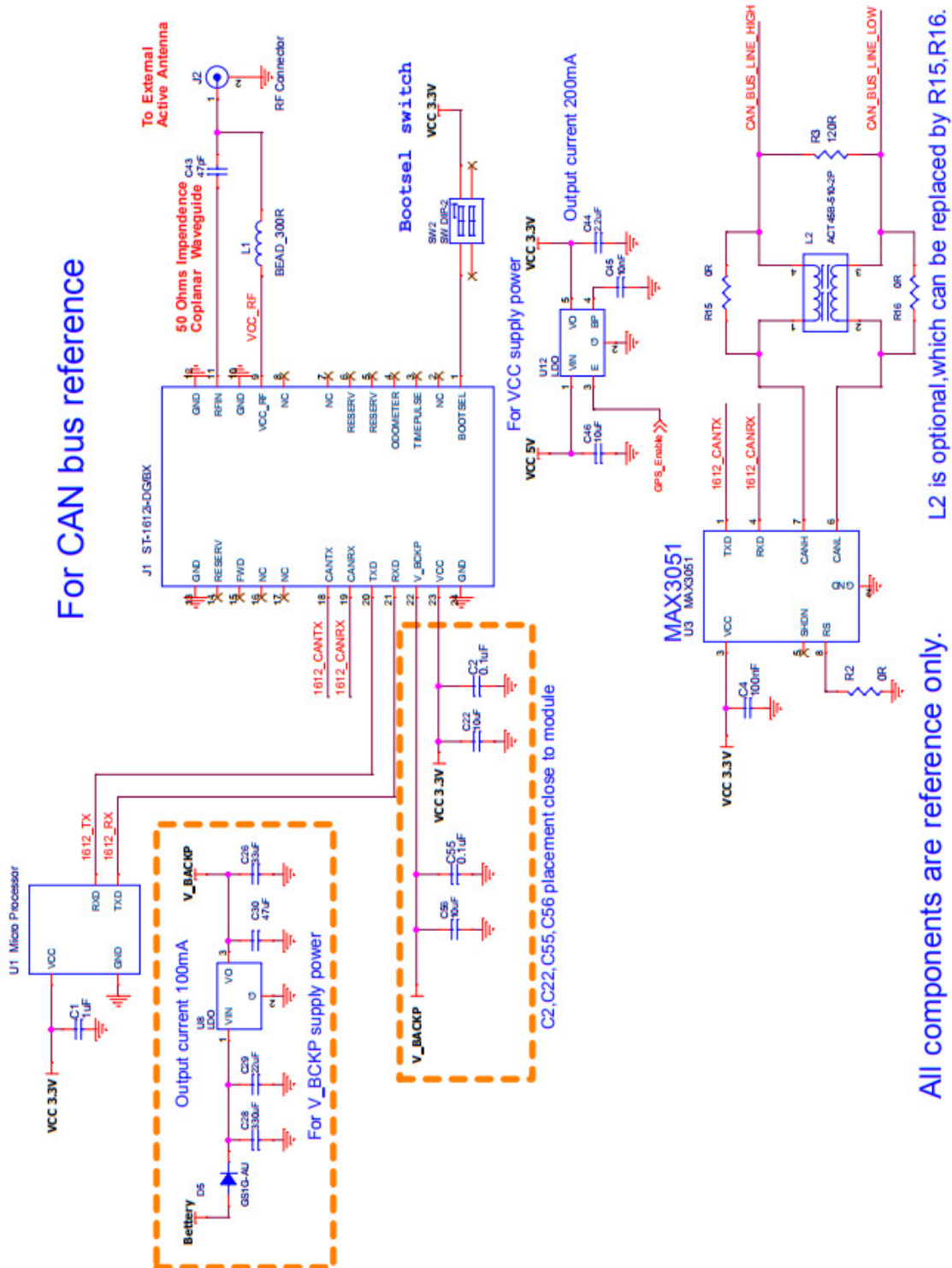
For UART reference

All components are reference only.

11.2 Odometer (wheel-tick pulse) and forward/reverse signal input



11.3 Vehicle speed input from CAN Bus



12 Product marking and ordering Information

12.1 Product marking

The marking of the module is engraved on the metal shielding that has product information, such as LOCOSYS logo, product name and manufacturing date.

12.2 Ordering Information

| Model | Description | Remark |
|--------------|--|-----------------------------|
| ST-1612r-DGU | Multi-constellation GNSS UDR/ADR module (vehicle speed input from UART port) | GPS, GLONASS, GALILEO, QZSS |
| ST-1612r-DGO | Multi-constellation GNSS UDR/ADR module (vehicle speed from odometer) | GPS, GLONASS, GALILEO, QZSS |
| ST-1612r-DBU | Multi-constellation GNSS UDR/ADR module (vehicle speed input from UART port) | GPS, BEIDOU, GALILEO, QZSS |
| ST-1612r-DBO | Multi-constellation GNSS UDR/ADR module (vehicle speed from odometer) | GPS, BEIDOU, GALILEO, QZSS |

Note: For the vehicle speed input from CAN bus, please contact us.

Document change list

Revision 0.1

- Draft release on March 27, 2020

Revision 0.2 (April 7, 2020)

- Changed maximum MEMS raw data output to 100Hz in section 2.
- Changed max. altitude to 50,000m in section 4.
- Added the sampling rate of the peak current in section 6.2.
- Changed max. acceleration from 2g to 4g in section 7.3.

Revision 0.3 (April 16, 2020)

- Added “support AGPS autonomous solution “in section 2.
- Added the max current in section 6.2.
- Added section 8.4 “STAGPS autonomous solution“.

Revision 0.4 (October 20, 2020)

- Added application description in section 3.